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IMPACT OF WORK PRESSURE ON PSYCHOLOGICAL ASPECT OF WORKING WOMEN IN TEACHING PROFESSION

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ABSTRACT

The aim of this study is to compare psychological well-being and job stress and teachers. Having a good job in addition to financing and improving the living standards also can have a positive effect on physical and mental health of people. Job regardless of financing can provide some of the basic needs of man such as mental and bodily movement, social contact, feelings self-valuable, confidence and abilities. However, it can also be a major source of stress and be a satisfactory job may become a source of discontent over time. Women face different workplace health challenges than men. Social, economic, and cultural factors also put women at risk for injury and illness. When family and work demands collide, the resulting stress can lead to physical health problems such as poor appetite, lack of sleep, increase in blood pressure, fatigue, and increased susceptibility to infection. It can also result in mental health problems such as burnout and depression. Balancing work and family tasks can put additional stress on women. Gender discrimination in the workplace can affect a woman's physical and mental health. Sexual harassment can lead to Anxiety, alienation, headaches, insomnia, lower self-esteem depression. I. Introduction, II. Objective, III. Review of literature. IV. Methodology V. Gender discriminations hampering work concentration, VI. Sexual harassment affecting family

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relationships, VII. Academic achievements and stress management challenges, VIII. Psychological impact as a main drawback affects on learning process. IX. Role of women cell in recommendations and solutions, X. Conclusions.

Teachers have a right to protection from violence in their workplace. They are not required to tolerate behavior which threatens their safety and well-being. Harassment can be based on the grounds set out in the Human Rights Code, or it can be a form of psychological or personal harassment apart from the Human Rights Code. Often, bullying and harassment are manifestations of abuse of power. Although increasing numbers of women have entered academia, their academic status has been slow to improve. Women remain disproportionately represented within instructor, lecturer, and unranked positions. Pregnancy, childbirth, and child rearing are also age- related, and most commonly occur during the same years that college faculty is seeking tenure in their jobs. The conflict between work and family obligations that many faculty members experience is more acute for women faculty than for men. Giving birth and raising children are distinctive events.

Work-life balance is a very important factor which influences the quality of our life.

Without such a balance a human being will feel a slave of her work and duties and will soon lose the will for and interest for life. We can't debate on the fact that work life balance is very essential and important for a stress free and fulfilling life, especially for a woman. Juggling between the burden, obligations and responsibilities of work and multiple family roles, balancing becomes very difficult and uphill and an ongoing task for teaching professionals, as much as, if not more as any other working woman.

Key words- Social factors, economic factors, Workplace health challenges, and Cultural factors, Physical health problems, Gender discrimination, Physical and mental health, Work and multiple family roles, quality life.

I. Introduction

As educational institutions seek to support faculty members in integrating work responsibilities

and family life. Administrators and faculty members should be alert to the many forms that

discrimination may take against those with a variety of family responsibilities throughout their

careers. They should recognize that families are varied and that they change in structure and

needs over time. Therefore, institutions should adopt policies that contemplate. Which

encourages the institutions to offer significantly greater support for faculty members and other

academic professionals with family responsibilities.

Women face different workplace health challenges than men. Social, economic, and cultural

factors also put women at risk for injury and illness. When family and work demands collide, the

resulting stress can lead to physical health problems such as poor appetite, lack of sleep, increase

in blood pressure, fatigue, and increased susceptibility to infection. It can also result in mental

health problems such as burnout and depression.

Women are playing a vital role in the economic and social development of the nations all over

the world. Working women have a whole set of problems involving both family and professional

lives. Women have to play their role as a wife, a mother and an earner. They have to manage

their career while maintaining traditional roles. That means for working women it is two sets of

overlapping responsibilities. Therefore, in addition to their traditional roles, professional roles

seem to be one of the major sources of stress that working women have to face. This review of

literature gives information about working women stress, factors in the working environment

that cause stressful situations among working women.

II. Objectives

1. To know the level of stress undergone by women in teaching profession

2. To understand the psychological impact of stress on working conditions

III. Review of literature

Abirami (2011) found balancing family and work effectively creates stress among women.

According to him the factors that cause stress among working women are perception for stress

under working conditions, low monetary benefits, and stress due to improper safety and security.

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Makowska (1995) studied psychosocial determinants of stress and wellbeing among working

women. The significance of the work related stressors was evidently greater than that of the

stressors associated with the family function.

Kodavatiganti & Bulusu (2011). According to them women educators face comparatively higher

level of stress than men counterparts. The stresses amongst the academicians are caused because

of lengthy working hours, inadequate resources and classrooms that are over filled. The study

concludes that moderate level of job stress and quality of life was found among majority of the

respondents.

Balaji (2014) studied various factors which could lead to work family conflict and the stress

undergone by women employees. He concluded that married women employees experience work

family conflict due to the number of hours worked outside the home, flexible or in flexible

working hours, size of the family and number of dependants of the family. These factors have an

severe consequences for the psychological distress and well-being of married working women.

Sussanna (2012) identified high psychological demands job strain and low job control are

associated with increased stroke risk in working women.

Bhuvaneshwari (2013) revealed that stress in married working women is caused due to various

family and official commitments, harassments at work place, working for long hours and

improper work life balance. These factors lead to stress in working women such as prolonged

headaches, hypertension and obesity. She also concluded that stress can be relieved from

balancing work and family, from institutional support, by spending time with the family and

performing physical exercises.

According to Williams and Kurina (2002), women's increased work force participation, the rise

in divorce and single parenthood and the aging of the population are the three factors that create

stress among women.

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Balaji studied various factors which could lead to work life balance and stress undergone by women employees. He found that the number of hours worked per week, the amount and frequency of over time, an inflexible work schedule, unsupportive supervisor, and an inhospitable organizational culture are the factors that lead to stress among the women employees.

IV. Methodology

The data is drawn by adopting the Primary and secondary sources. It is collected through the simple random sampling method. In the universe of 50 sample size, observation techniques and also from various different sources like news papers, journals, and websites and research papers and also through informal Interview method.

V. Gender discriminations hampering work concentration

The burden borne of those choices has not been shouldered equally by all. For women to achieve the gender equality that is their right, the prevailing attitude towards economic and social rights must change. States are first and foremost responsible to ensure that all human rights are respected, protected, promoted, and fulfilled.

There are many such circumstances where in lady lectures face that many a times hidden harassments goes unnoticed. Whatever may be the work commitment and sincerity shown in their duties? The male ego that does not appreciate or encourage the women workers. gender discrimination intern the possibilities of curbing and only identifying the mistakes in their work who works under them. This kind of negative attitudes will definitely hinders the positive spirit of women workers and make them lose their concentration slowly in their work. Not all the male faculty does it, but there are certain possibilities of them who are very egoistic in their approach. So it is necessary to identify them and make sure trouble shooters are counseled and women lecturers are free from such form of mental harassments. In such case it is difficult to give peaceful lectures in classrooms, neither possible to work in such environment, unless serious hidden kind of harassment is identified and permanently solved.

For instances male lecturers who are irritating frequently targeted lady staff often enter to their personal matters, tease them regarding their working styles, dressing sense, etc. Unnecessarily comparing them with other lady staff and insulting the targeted ones. This is an severely damaging situations in working environment. This need to be stopped immediately and serious action to be taken against the problem creators Otherwise what will be the moral disciplines imparted to students when some of the teachers themselves does not follow.

Table -1 Gender discriminations hampering work concentration

Sl no	Gender discriminations	Respondents	Percentage
1	Male	30	60.00
2	Female	20	40.00
Total	•	50	100

The table -1 show that out 50 Respondents of 60.00 percentage male discriminations at working place profession, out of 20 Respondents 40.00 percentage female discriminations at working profession, The male ego that does not appreciate or encourage the women workers.

VI. Sexual harassment affecting family relationships

Sexual harassment is, above all, a manifestation of power relations – women are much more likely to be victims of sexual harassment precisely because they more often than men lack power, are in more vulnerable and insecure positions, lack self confidence, or have been socialized to suffer in silence. In order to understand why women endure the vast majority of sexual harassment, it is important to look at some of the underlying causes of this phenomenon. Some men resented female employees and perceived them as a threat in traditionally male dominated work environments. In these cases the women were subject to overt discrimination, that is, they received lesser-valued job assignments, lack of promotions, lower pay, and sexual harassment to cause embarrassment and humiliation. A woman subjected to sexual harassment endures pressure, degradation or hostility that her male co-workers don't have to endure- making it just that much harder to compete for the job and for advancement. Not only gender discrimination do happens there are certain minor to severe level of abuse and sexual harassments might taking place in working environment.

Table -2 Sexual harassment affecting family relationships

Sl no	Sexual harassment	Respondents	Percentage
1	Yes	35	70.00
2	No	15	30.00
Total		50	100

The table – 2 show that out of 50 Respondents 70.00 percentage male harassment affecting family relationships at working place profession, out of 15 Respondents 30.00 percentage female harassment affecting family relationships working profession.

The comments on the lady staffs, their physique conditions, showing weird actions, always directly or indirectly speaking about personal irritating mood diverting maters, etc. leaves bad impact on the mental conditions of sincere women workers who might find it difficult to avoid. If there are women cell functioning transparently without partiality and without false justification then there would not be so much of problems taking it to the home. But if incase authority itself repeatedly ignore the complaints or if it takes it in an easy manner then what next has to be done whom to approach for justice.

Thus such an issues need to be addressed tackled very carefully and the role of council meeting, grievance cell. Counseling committee becomes very influential to solve the received complaints. But saving some persons negative attitude, favoring the problems creators, will definitely double the troublesome times ends in suicide attempts too. So then how far it is tolerable? There are some traditionally bound families or any families for that matters will not tolerate it even if misunderstandings of rumors spread over the locality finally it may kill the family relationships and what about their Childers who are innocents who has to face such conditions.

In most of the cases working women feel humiliated with the attitude and derogatory remarks passed by their male colleagues. This kind of unhealthy work atmosphere, lack of support from colleagues and higher authority leads to job dissatisfaction and less productivity for women. Higher management should take some steps to create a healthy and conducive work environment for ladies.

VII. Academic achievements and stress management challenges

Teaching profession is the most honorable dignified profession of all times. The degree college lecturers play a vital role in this aspect. There are several kinds of short comings in this process faced by lady lecturers who finds it difficult to cope with the situations which will hamper or worsen the circumstances like job stress, failure in balancing job and family life, more so ever the mental harassments will suppress their fresh innovative ideas in academic achievements. One possible question could be raised regarding the work place attitudes and job environment.

The role of colleagues and administrative authority is very crucial in such context. There are some colleagues who are of basically rigid, egoistic, orthodox, caste mentality, jealous oriented both professionally and personally who plays the tricks in not allowing committed workers to contribute for the work and welfare of the organization. By and large it seems to be disgusting and disturbing the mind set up of the worker. Unfortunately in most of the govt. colleges and maybe also in some private institutions these conditions very badly prevail. The UGC puts forth various terms and conditions for the fulfillment of goals of higher education {API scores} etc and it expects the true effort from the lecturers. But what if only harassments occur all the time? Is it possible to achieve the goals demanded peacefully? How far is possible to adjust to the problem creators does it not affect the mental ability and in testing the patience of other lectures? Those who are sincere and honest {do their work properly and do not enter into others business} in their job will be targeted by the other women colleagues by labeling them, harassing them using local political power, damaging the family life and integrity of innocent lecturer and passing the comments by using students groups to pollute the name and talent of targeted lady lecturer so on. Only then this hidden kind of harassment is identified and culprits are either counseled or punished there will be a positive response to academic growth of the worker and fully indulged justice could be given to student's community.

VIII. Psychological impact as a main drawback affects on learning process.

Psychological aspect plays significant role for the balancing mental ability regarding our thought, beliefs, behavioral and decision making process. Overall in the working place the need to maintain balanced health physically and mentally is equally relevant to achieve progress in the working conditions.

Since gender discrimination prevails past from many years in most of the fields, then the

working field is not the exceptional. Likewise both for men or women working conditions are

moreover similar nowadays.

But what happens when it as imbalanced is the damage to one's own career and the working

environment in generally. This ill treatment or harassment undergone by the women in teaching

profession may not be able to deliver good learning skills to the students. In fact it hampers the

student's interest towards spirit of learning.

IX. Role of women cell in recommendations and solutions

The need for committee in solving the complaints and issues related to lady teacher's problems

is very essential. The gender discrimination may be common scenario in most of the working

environment of the world. But teaching field is very sensitive from student's future point of view

and of course from the individuality personality point of view. To make working conditions

much favorable to positive aspirations it is necessary to ensure that there will be good healthy

conditions in the working place without any bias and prejudices. Basically women cell need to

perform very actively considering only reality and worth of complaints received by the cell.

Some cases may be misunderstood due to false statement and lack of supporting facts such

nature of cases need to be clarified so as to avoid confusions. The scope should not be given to

lodge false complaints just because of personal ego and jealousy by the person or group who is

giving the complaint. There may be chances of misuse of women cell by the persons.

In some situations reality will be suppressed and merged due to save the culprits. This is purely a

severe kind of injustice against the victim. Even if administrative authority fails to solve or

provide justice then how is it possible to overcome the crisis. There are many instances where by

lady teachers have committed suicide in the working place itself then what could be the

implications on the students and environment persist.

Keeping in view of all such incidents and accidents it is good that women cell coordinate with

police and contribute for the betterment of women welfare and students welfare. He usefulness

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of this kind of committee is very prevalent in sexual harassment cases. With this kind of

investigation committee, women employees feel safer at workplaces. Besides, management

should organize education campaigns for women employees about to help them know their

rights.

The mindset and the level of acceptance of people requires to be altered. To face these

challenges tactfully and overcome them successfully, women need to be self confident and aware

of their rights. Allowing females to work out of home in different sectors doesn't only signify

that our society gives equal treatment to men and women, but also it shows that the problems at

workplace which are the result of gender discrimination to some extent can be easily managed

and solved.

X. Suggestions

The positive effects of employment on the mental health of women also come from the

privileges of job, status, power, position, and economic independence. Since a woman's status is

heavily dependent on the employment, working women tend to look at their employment

positively. Employment naturally raises her status, enhances her sense of self-worth, and

provides her greater psychological well-being, irrespective of the role of strain and family

problems. Employment also increases the possibilities of an egalitarian relationship in marriage.

The sense of achievement, income, and recognition in the society enables working women to

consider their jobs as rewarding and psychologically satisfying.

Work-life balance is a very important factor which influences the quality of our life.

Without such a balance a human being will feel a slave of her work and duties and will soon lose

the will for and interest for life. We can't debate on the fact that work life balance is very

essential and important for a stress free and fulfilling life, especially for a woman. Juggling

between the burden, obligations and responsibilities of work and multiple family roles, balancing

becomes very difficult and uphill and an ongoing task for teaching professionals, as much as, if

not more as any other working woman.

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Professions which deal with human services, including jobs that create a lot of stress such as teaching profession and teaching. With regard to the status of teachers in the education system, particularly their impact on students in various fields on the one hand, And on the other hand due to the high level of stress in teaching, especially in special circumstances, such as dealing with students with disabilities, job stress and psychological well-being.

XI. Conclusions

Stress is a growing problem in the workplaces and a particular magnitude for working women. The problems due to high levels of stress can be exhibited physically, psychologically and behaviorally by an individual. The most serious effects of stress relate to performance. Women employees report more non fatal but long term and disabling health problems. The Review of literature described that working women generally involved simultaneously in many tasks, juggling between family and work responsibilities, which leads towards stress among them.

Despite these incredible advances, women still have to face a lot of issues and professional challenges at workplace. Check some of the major problems or issues that women frequently face in their workplace. The importance of working in a supportive and healthy office atmosphere with a group of understanding colleagues can't be overstated. A personally fulfilling job and a handsome salary can't even make a woman employee satisfied if she has to spend her day at workplace with a group of unsupportive men colleagues. This isolated feeling can lead to boredom and stress, gradually losing her efficiency and confidence. Apart from this, lack of family support for household responsibilities is another major reason that leads to stress and conflicts for female workers who are trying to balance both job and family.

This gender discrimination can lead to job dissatisfaction and stress in working women. Due to this woman also lacks motivation and commitments towards her job. Be it home or workplace, women are given lesser opportunity everywhere than men.

The issues and problems that women face in their workplaces should be put to an end and then only it can be said that men and women have equal status. Although there are various laws that are made for protection of women even in workplace but due to lack of proper implementation

and interpretation of law, it has not been quite effective in protecting women from the crimes and inequality in the workplace. Organizations are going out of their way to ensure they provide safe work environment for their women employees, and are also putting up policies to ensure the women feel motivated to work and continue their career, even after child birth.

There is stress in the lives of all people who have jobs and it can influence psychological pressure on them by different species. Career changes, including organizational changes, changes in wages, promotion, relationship with clients, overtime and social changes are issues that effect on people and bring him trouble, worry, anxiety and tension. Psychological well-being is one of the factors can effect on people's job. Psychological well-being is the expression of positive emotions and general satisfaction with their lives and others, in different areas of family, education and jobs and has emotional and cognitive components. Emotional component is the expression of relative presence of positive emotions and the absence of negative emotion and cognitive component represents a person life satisfaction and evaluation of different aspects of life.

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